



Strategy & Policy Conflicts of Interest & Gifts

Legal & Procurement Team

June 2025









Why do we have a Conflicts of Interest and Gifts Strategy & Policy?

Climate KIC Group, composed of Stichting Climate-KIC International Foundation (Foundation) and Climate-KIC B.V. (B.V.), (together referred to as "Climate KIC"), is an international organisation with the objective of contributing to the protection of nature and the environment, including enhancement of sustainability, by way of catalysing systemic change for climate action through innovation. As part of this mission, a robust approach to the management of conflicts of interest and gifts is vital particularly given the Foundation's formal status as a public benefit/charitable organisation (known as ANBI or algemeen nut beogende instelling in the Netherlands). This Strategy & Policy Statement sets out the strategic priorities and other main considerations of Climate KIC in formulating the Conflicts of Interest & Gifts Policy, the details of the Policy itself and roles and responsibilities of those involved in implementing the Policy. Further, in support of this policy are a number of internal manuals and processes that aid its implementation.

It is very important that Climate KIC takes a proactive stance on conflicts of interest and gifts. Conflicts of interest can lead to decisions that are not in the best interests of Climate KIC, which are invalid, open to challenge, or have a material financial impact. Conflicts of interest can also damage Climate KIC's reputation or public trust and confidence generally. In addition, if we fail to appropriately manage conflicts of interest and gifts appropriately, the Foundation may lose its non-profit (ANBI) status, face exclusion from tendering for contracts (including grants and other similar streams), substantial damage to our reputation, organisational culture and other consequences.

Strategy Statement & Priorities

Climate KIC is committed to ensuring all its activities only proceed under the highest ethical standards. In line with the European principles of equal treatment, fair competition, transparency, non-discrimination and proportionality, Climate KIC decisions should be fair and unbiased by the existence of conflicts of interest or gifts. We will:

- Enhance, promote and maintain a culture of business acting ethically, professionally and with integrity and transparency, and
- Implement and enforce effective systems to actively prevent, detect and/or manage conflicts of interest and gift issues.

Climate KIC has carried out an internal risk assessment in relation to conflicts of interest and gifts (such exercise to be repeated annually or more frequently as required). The objective of such risk assessment was to identify the key risks in relation to conflicts and produce a priority list as follows:









- Dealings between the Foundation and B.V.;
- Grant allocations and donations (including attempts to create "side agreements" i.e. arrangements outside Climate KIC's standard processes and procedures);
- Use of Climate KIC funds by beneficiaries, award recipients or other counterparties;
- Matters relating to Climate KIC people including Executive and Supervisory Board members (competing interests and roles, use of time); and
- Goods and services procurement.

To address these risks, we have taken or will undertake the following steps:

- Ongoing review and update of Climate KIC policies including Ethics Approach and Standards; Anti-Fraud,
 Corruption and Bribery Policy; Conflict of Interests and Gifts Policy; Procurement Policy;
- Ongoing review and update of Climate KIC Risk Management Framework and policies around project assessment, grant allocation and donations;
- Ongoing review of risk assessment exercise; and
- Required training from time to time both at all staff level and with specific focus groups.

Policy Statement

This Policy applies to each Climate KIC Executive and Supervisory Board member and each employee of Climate KIC (Climate KIC Person, collectively Climate KIC People) and sets out guidelines and procedures for identifying, monitoring and managing actual and potential or perceived conflicts of interest. Climate KIC People:

- Acknowledge that high standards of ethical conduct and integrity by all those professionally involved in Climate KIC activities are crucial for ensuring Climate KIC's excellence, reputation and achievement of the mission; and
- When performing any Climate KIC activities, are under a duty to act in the best possible interests of
 Climate KIC and its mission, independent of any academic, institutional, industrial, political or other
 specific interests. When making decisions, all Climate KIC People must be alert to the possibility that they,
 or their colleagues, could be affected by a conflict of interest (actual, potential or perceived).

Climate KIC People who are members of its Executive and/or Supervisory Board are subject to this Policy as well as the further terms and conditions set out in the applicable articles, bylaws and relevant law (e.g. non-profit compliance in case of Foundation).









Regardless of the guidelines and procedures set out herein, each Climate KIC Person shall always have an overriding obligation to comply with applicable laws and regulations.

What is a Conflict of Interest?

Although it is difficult to lay down prescriptive rules to cover every single eventuality, in general, a conflict of interest can be defined as a direct or indirect personal or non-Climate KIC interest that conflicts with the interests of Climate KIC and its business.

A conflict of interest exists where the impartial and objective exercise of the functions of a Board Member, or Employee of Climate KIC, including a member of a management/decision-making body, is compromised for reasons involving family, emotional life, political or national affinity, economic interest or any other direct or indirect personal interest.

A conflict of interest or potential or perceived conflict of interest in any event exists if Climate KIC intends to enter into a transaction with an organisation:

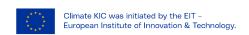
- In which a Climate KIC Person personally has a material financial interest;
- Which has a managing person who has a material family or personal relationship with a Climate KIC Person; or
- In which a Climate KIC Person has a managerial or supervisory or other similar position.

For additional guidance on the identification of any conflict of interest or potential or perceived conflict of interest, please see the questionnaire set out in Annex 1 hereto.

Independence Criteria for Independent Supervisory Board Members

The Supervisory Board Member shall be considered independent in case he/she has/had no management position/strategic advisory position/employment or equivalent contractual relationship/economic interest with the Climate KIC partner organisations and equivalent entities (i.e. entities that are part of the Climate KIC investment portfolio) at present, and in the past two years; and his/her close family members have/had no management position/strategic advisory position/economic interest with the Climate KIC partner organisations/equivalent entities at present and in the past two years.

How to Identify Conflicts









Actual and potential or perceived conflicts of interest cannot always be entirely avoided, and their mere existence does not necessarily imply any wrongdoing. The intention of this Policy is not to ban or sanction the holding of interests but to mitigate actual, potential and perceived conflicts of interest.

Each Climate KIC person acknowledges the duty to immediately declare and disclose to Climate KIC any actual or potential or perceived conflicts of interest that may arise, to recuse themselves from making conflicted decisions and/or to accept the Climate KIC's mitigation strategies in accordance with this Policy. Specifically, there is:

- A duty to disclose by Climate KIC People any interest in a proposed or existing transaction or arrangement with any organisation, where the Climate KIC Person or their close family member¹, has a management position/strategic advisory position/employment or contractual relationship/economic interest/any other interest in the past two years (transactional conflicts); and
- A general duty by Climate KIC People to avoid conflicts of interest (**situational conflicts**). For the avoidance of doubt, **any interest held by a Climate KIC person in a beneficiary, donor, supplier or other related party shall be viewed as a conflict and is disclosable in accordance with this Policy.**

What is the Procedure for Declaring Interests, Gifts and Hospitality?

As part of onboarding, each Climate KIC Person will be required to complete a Declaration of Interests form:

- Listing any personal interests or positions that may potentially give rise to a conflict of interests;
- Agreeing to declare any gifts or hospitality that they may receive in their capacity as a Climate KIC Person the value of which is more than €30 for gifts or €100 for hospitality;
- Confirming that they are not aware of any conflict, other than those already disclosed, that exists between their role and their personal circumstances or other interests;
- Confirming that they will update the form annually, or sooner if any changes occur; and
- Confirming that they will declare any conflict that arises in the future.

At least once in every 12-month period and when any material changes occur, each Climate KIC Person must review the information relating to them contained in the register of interests and declare that the information is correct or make a further declaration if necessary.



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¹ family members and relatives belonging to the same household or under the care of the members of the household or of immediate family (i.e. spouse, partner, parents, dependent family member) shall be considered as close family members.





The declaration process can be summarised as follows:



It is for the Climate KIC Person concerned to decide which matters to declare but, if in doubt, they should declare.

A colleague may be subject to a new conflict from changes in responsibilities, new engagements by Climate KIC or other developments during their time with the Climate KIC. Colleagues are required to be vigilant. As part of day to day work, before a Climate KIC Person acts, omits to act or makes any other decision, they must ask themselves whether there are any conflicts associated with their actions, omissions or other decision making. Annex 1 provides a helpful checklist and reminder. If a Climate KIC Person considers that they have an actual or potential conflict, they should make a declaration as soon as possible but no later than reasonably in advance of the point of time in which they are to act, omit to act or make a relevant decision which involves the conflict - there must be enough time so that the act, omission or decision does not become inevitable.

Similarly, if a Climate KIC Person considers that another Climate KIC Person or advisor has an actual or potential conflict that has not been declared, they can:

- Make a declaration on the other's behalf as soon as possible but no later than reasonably in advance of the
 point of time in which the other Climate KIC Person is to act, omit to act or make a relevant decision which
 involves the conflict; and/or
- Report another Climate KIC Person's actual or potential conflict of interest via the independent third-party whistle blowing service. Contact details can be found in Annex 2 to this Policy.

The information provided by Climate KIC People in connection with this Policy will be processed in accordance with Climate KIC's Privacy Policy and applicable laws and regulations.

Maintaining the Register of Interests

People Team and Legal & Procurement Team in Climate KIC will be responsible for maintaining the Register of Interests, and will:

• Record in the register all conflicts, interests, gifts and hospitality declared;









- Note any mitigation agreed as per the Procedure for Managing Conflicts; and
- Coordinate with escalation points (including the Executive Board and Supervisory Board) as required.

Procedure for Managing and Preventing Conflicts

For reported and declared conflicts, People Team and Legal & Procurement Team in Climate KIC and others with delegated authority to act will:

- Assess the nature of the conflict;
- Assess the risk or threat to Climate KIC decision-making;
- Decide whether the conflict is non-trivial (that is, it is material or has the potential to be detrimental to the conduct or decisions taken by the relevant Climate KIC Person); and
- Decide what steps to take to avoid or manage the conflict.

The conflicted Climate KIC Person must not take part in the discussion or decision.

People Team and Legal & Procurement Team in Climate KIC and others with delegated authority to act (absenting those who are themselves conflicted) will consider whether it is necessary to seek the advice on whether the conflict is non-trivial and/or on how to manage the conflict declared. Such advice may be internal and involve appropriate points of escalation (including to the Executive Board and Supervisory Board) and also external (e.g. specialist advisors).

If People Team and Legal & Procurement Team in Climate KIC and others with delegated authority to act (absenting those who are themselves conflicted) consider that the conflict is non-trivial, such persons will determine what action is appropriate in light of the nature and extent of the conflict. A number of steps can be taken to deal with the conflict, including:

- Excluding the conflicted Climate KIC Person from discussions in relation to the matter to avoid inadvertently influencing the decision;
- Excluding the conflicted Climate KIC Person from decision-making in relation to the matter while the conflict exists;
- Delegating the conflicted Climate KIC Person's vote or authority on the matter on which he or she has a conflict to one of the non-conflicted Climate KIC People;
- Delegating the matter to a sub-committee of non-conflicted Climate KIC People;
- Seeking independent advice, for instance, a covenant review, to help with a decision;
- Appointing an alternative, non-conflicted Climate KIC Person;









- Appointing an independent Climate KIC Person (perhaps for a limited duration or restricted to a decisionmaking process);
- Asking the affected Climate KIC Person to take other relevant steps to mitigate (e.g. to resign from such role within the beneficiary);
- Resignation of the conflicted Climate KIC Person where the conflict is acute or pervasive.

People Team and Legal & Procurement Team in Climate KIC and others with delegated authority to act (absenting those who are themselves conflicted) will inform the conflicted Climate KIC Person of the decision. If the matter is decided at a formal meeting, this will be noted in the minutes of the meeting the conflict declared, an outline of the discussion and the actions taken to manage the conflict. If the matter is not decided at a formal meeting, People Team and Legal & Procurement Team in Climate KIC or those with delegated authority to act will note the actions taken as a file note to be stored with the Register of Interests.

Third Party Contracts and Business Conflicts, Advisor Approval

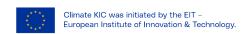
In respect of existing third-party arrangements (e.g. funding contracts, donation or other direct award allocations, procurement contracts, other), upon proposal to enter, amend and/or terminate, each Climate KIC Person should consider and declare any actual or potential conflict in accordance with the terms of this Policy.

Even in the absence of a conflict, in respect of certain third-party advisors, each Climate KIC Person shall first: (i) for finance, tax, audit or other similar advisors, obtain pre-approval from Finance Team and (ii) for legal advisors, obtain pre-approval from Legal & Procurement Team.

Each Climate KIC Person shall have an obligation to consider whether any advisor with whom they interact has any actual or potential conflict (and if there is a conflict, disclose it accordingly). All advisors should be appointed under terms that include:

- An obligation to inform Climate KIC if any circumstances arise in which they are, may be, or may be perceived to be conflicted;
- An obligation to address any conflicts that arise in the work they do for Climate KIC; and
- A requirement to cease to act for Climate KIC if a conflict arises.

Monitoring Compliance and Reviewing This Policy









Any Climate KIC Person who becomes aware of a breach of this Policy shall report it to a trusted colleague amongst People Team and/ or Legal & Procurement Team as soon as possible. Alternatively, such person may report breach via the independent third-party whistle blowing service (currently provided by Navex Global). Contact details can be found in Annex 2 to this Policy.

Questions

Please direct any questions on this Policy to the Legal & Procurement Team.







Annex I to Conflict of Interest & Gifts Policy: Declaration Conflict of Interest Questionnaire

This questionnaire is designed to assist identification of actual or potential or perceived conflicts of interest with Climate KIC.

As a reminder, it is not just other directorships, employment, work, advisory and/or paid positions to be considered. Please regard an "interest" as a very broad term that includes anything or any connection which could potentially divert a person's mind from giving sole consideration to promoting the success of Climate KIC and its mission.

A "connected person" is defined as a spouse, registered partner or other life companion, foster child, relatives by blood or marriage up to the second degree and/or any other person with whom you have a material family or personal relationship.

Question 1: Are you (or a connected person) a director, employee, trustee, consultant, advisor, shareholder or otherwise materially involved with an organisation or individual which is:

- A Climate KIC Partner (e.g. grant recipient), Linked Third Party, Community Member or related organisation in respect of the EIT grant or other grants?
- Another type of beneficiary of EIT or other funding or support provided or facilitated by Climate KIC (e.g. award or prize recipient)?
- A funder, supplier, customer, advisor, consultant or other business partner for Climate KIC, a Climate KIC
 Partner, Linked Third Party, award recipient and/or any other type of direct or indirect beneficiary of EIT or other funding?
- In partnership, joint venture or otherwise involved with Climate KIC, a Climate KIC Partner, Linked Third Party, award recipient and/or any direct or indirect beneficiary of EIT or other funding?

Question 2: Does any external body with which you are (or any connected person is) associated with have any of the following relationships with Climate KIC, a Climate KIC Partner (e.g. EIT grant beneficiary) and/or any beneficiary?

- Climate KIC Partner, Linked Third Party, Community Member or related organisation,
- beneficiary (e.g. award or prize recipient),
- funder,
- supplier,
- customer,
- advisor,
- consultant, or
- any other material relationship.









Question 3: Are you associated with any other advisor to Climate KIC, Climate KIC Partner (e.g. EIT grant beneficiary), Linked Third Party or other beneficiary funding (e.g. award recipient)? Examples include:

- audit;
- tax;
- legal;
- banking;
- · pensions or investments; or
- management and other consultancy.

Question 4; Are you a member of a committee, commission, agency or body (including the European Commission and related EU institutions) or do you have a material position with a regulator, any department of government, a trade body, a professional body or a charitable organization which has a material relationship with Climate KIC? Examples include where the relevant organisation influences government policy, influences standards or rules, or is preparing guidance.

Question 5: Do you know of any other circumstances that could give rise to a potential or actual conflict of interest or duties?

Tips on Using the Questionnaire

To identify situational conflicts, individuals may find it helpful to ask themselves the following questions:

- Is your role/connection with organisation ABC likely to prevent you, when acting for Climate KIC, from giving sole consideration to the interests of Climate KIC?
- Is your role/connection with organisation ABC likely to involve consideration of actions that could be adverse to Climate KIC's interests or to put you in a position where information that you know as a result of being at organisation ABC would be relevant to the decision to be taken?
- Are you part of the decision-making process of organisation ABC?
- Particularly in relation to any perceived conflict, what is the justification for Climate KIC to authorise it? Do
 the interests of the two organisations (the third party and Climate KIC) compete, either in their interests or in
 relation to strategic opportunities?
- Would the activities undertaken in one role be likely to have a material impact on the other?









Annex II to Conflict of Interest & Gifts Policy Independent Third-Party Whistle Blowing Scheme



Navex Global is independent to Foundation and allows for Foundation people to make anonymous and confidential reports. You can submit a report online, via email or over the phone as below.

The Hub: Climatekic.ethicspoint.com

Phone:

Austria: 0800 068737

• Belgium: 0800 76 541

Denmark: 80 25 39 99

France: 0 800 911699

Germany: 08001808262

Italy: 800 727 450

Poland: 800000147

Spain: 900 999 406

Slovenia: 080 488854

The Netherlands: 0800 0229573

United Kingdom: 0800 088 5277



